

Topic: Why Do We Fall ILL - 1

I. Choose the correct answer:

- Which of the following is an example of bacterial disease?
a) Elephantiasis b) Polio c) Anthrax d) Malaria
- Which of the following is not an infectious disease?
a) Arthritis b) Typhoid c) Tuberculosis d) AIDS
- Which of the following is the most common carrier of pathogens?
a) Butterfly b) Dog c) House fly d) Mosquito
- Evidences or manifestations that give information about the cause of disease are called:
a) Signs b) Symptoms c) Syndrome d) All of these.
- Idea of vaccination was first given by:
a) A. Fleming b) E. Jenner c) C. Darwin d) L. Pasteur

II. Very Short Answer Type Questions:

- Name one chronic disease associated with respiratory system.
- Living organisms or chemical substances which prevent the occurrence of a disease by stimulating the immune system.
- A state of physical, social and mental well being.
- Chemical substances used to kill bacterial pathogens.
- Diseases that transmit from one person to another.

III. Answer the following questions:

- Define health? What is its significance? Discuss the various factors that affect the health?
- What are communicable diseases? What are the different ways through which these diseases generally transmit in human communities?
- Define vaccination? Give the history of vaccination? Name some important vaccines along with the diseases against which these are used?
- “Prevention is better than cure”. Elaborate this statement keeping in view the infectious disease?
- What are antibiotics? How do antibiotics work? Why is it difficult to have anti-viral drugs?

IV. High Order Thinking Skills:

- Acute diseases are severe but are less harmful than chronic diseases.
- There is a close relationship between health and public hygiene

V. Activity:

Make a presentation on the topic “Means of spread or communication of different human diseases”.